

## Cartesian Co-ordinate System Equations

Equilibrium Equations

$$\frac{\partial \sigma_x}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \tau_{xy}}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial \tau_{zx}}{\partial z} + X = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial \sigma_y}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial \tau_{xy}}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \tau_{yz}}{\partial z} + Y = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial \sigma_z}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial \tau_{zx}}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \tau_{yz}}{\partial y} + Z = 0$$

Strain-Displacement Equations

$$\epsilon_x = \frac{\partial u}{\partial x}, \epsilon_y = \frac{\partial v}{\partial y}, \epsilon_z = \frac{\partial w}{\partial z}$$

$$\gamma_{xy} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial v}{\partial x}, \gamma_{yz} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}, \gamma_{zx} = \frac{\partial v}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial y}$$

Hooke's law

$$\epsilon_x = \frac{\sigma_x}{E} - \frac{\nu \sigma_y}{E} - \frac{\nu \sigma_z}{E}$$

$$\epsilon_y = -\frac{\nu \sigma_x}{E} + \frac{\sigma_y}{E} - \frac{\nu \sigma_z}{E}$$

$$\epsilon_z = -\frac{\nu \sigma_x}{E} - \frac{\nu \sigma_y}{E} + \frac{\sigma_z}{E}$$

$$\gamma_{xy} = \frac{\tau_{xy}}{G}, \gamma_{yz} = \frac{\tau_{yz}}{G}, \gamma_{zx} = \frac{\tau_{zx}}{G}$$

Boundary Conditions

$$\bar{X} = \sigma_x l + \tau_{xy} m + \tau_{zx} n, \bar{Y} = \sigma_y m + \tau_{yz} n + \tau_{xy} l,$$

$$\bar{Z} = \sigma_z n + \tau_{zx} l + \tau_{yz} m$$

Hooke's law – Plane Stress

$$\epsilon_x = \frac{1}{E}(\sigma_x - \nu \sigma_y), \epsilon_y = \frac{1}{E}(\sigma_y - \nu \sigma_x), \gamma_{xy} = \frac{\tau_{xy}}{G}$$

Hooke's law – Plane Strain

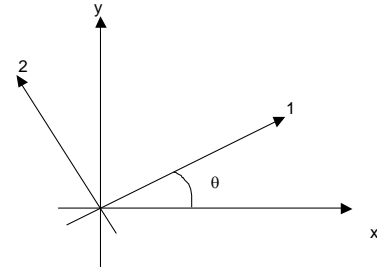
$$\epsilon_x = \frac{1+\nu}{E}[(1-\nu)\sigma_x - \nu\sigma_y], \epsilon_y = \frac{1+\nu}{E}[(1-\nu)\sigma_y - \nu\sigma_x]$$

$$\gamma_{xy} = \frac{\tau_{xy}}{G}$$

Transformation of strains and stresses

$$\begin{bmatrix} \sigma_1 \\ \sigma_2 \\ \tau_{12} \end{bmatrix} = [T] \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_x \\ \sigma_y \\ \tau_{xy} \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} \epsilon_1 \\ \epsilon_2 \\ \gamma_{12}/2 \end{bmatrix} = [T] \begin{bmatrix} \epsilon_x \\ \epsilon_y \\ \gamma_{xy}/2 \end{bmatrix},$$

$$[T] = \begin{bmatrix} c^2 & s^2 & 2sc \\ s^2 & c^2 & -2sc \\ -sc & sc & c^2 - s^2 \end{bmatrix}, s = \sin(\theta), c = \cos(\theta)$$



Equations of Compatibility

$$\frac{\partial^2 \epsilon_x}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 \epsilon_y}{\partial x^2} = \frac{\partial^2 \gamma_{xy}}{\partial x \partial y}$$

$$2 \frac{\partial^2 \epsilon_x}{\partial y \partial z} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( -\frac{\partial \gamma_{yz}}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \gamma_{xz}}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial \gamma_{xy}}{\partial z} \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \epsilon_y}{\partial z^2} + \frac{\partial^2 \epsilon_z}{\partial y^2} = \frac{\partial^2 \gamma_{yz}}{\partial y \partial z}$$

$$2 \frac{\partial^2 \epsilon_y}{\partial x \partial z} = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left( \frac{\partial \gamma_{yz}}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial \gamma_{xz}}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial \gamma_{xy}}{\partial z} \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \epsilon_z}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 \epsilon_x}{\partial z^2} = \frac{\partial^2 \gamma_{xz}}{\partial x \partial z}$$

$$2 \frac{\partial^2 \epsilon_z}{\partial x \partial y} = \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left( \frac{\partial \gamma_{yz}}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \gamma_{xz}}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial \gamma_{xy}}{\partial z} \right)$$

$$(1+\nu)\nabla^2 \sigma_x + \frac{\partial^2 \theta}{\partial x^2} = 0, (1+\nu)\nabla^2 \tau_{yz} + \frac{\partial^2 \theta}{\partial y \partial z} = 0$$

$$(1+\nu)\nabla^2 \sigma_y + \frac{\partial^2 \theta}{\partial y^2} = 0, (1+\nu)\nabla^2 \tau_{xz} + \frac{\partial^2 \theta}{\partial x \partial z} = 0$$

$$(1+\nu)\nabla^2 \sigma_z + \frac{\partial^2 \theta}{\partial z^2} = 0, (1+\nu)\nabla^2 \tau_{xy} + \frac{\partial^2 \theta}{\partial x \partial y} = 0$$

$$\theta = \sigma_x + \sigma_y + \sigma_z$$

Polar Coordinates Equations

$$x = r \cos \theta ; y = r \sin \theta$$

$$\nabla^2 = \frac{\partial^2}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \theta^2}$$

Equilibrium Equations

$$\frac{\partial \sigma_r}{\partial r} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial \tau_{r\theta}}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\sigma_r - \sigma_\theta}{r} + F_r = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial \sigma_\theta}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\partial \tau_{r\theta}}{\partial r} + \frac{2\tau_{r\theta}}{r} + F_\theta = 0$$

Stress – Airy Stresses Equations

$$\sigma_r = \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial r} + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial \theta^2}, \sigma_\theta = \frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial r^2}, \tau_r = -\frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left( \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial \theta} \right)$$

### Strain – Displacement Equations

$$\epsilon_r = \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial r}, \epsilon_\theta = \frac{u_r}{r} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial u_\theta}{\partial \theta}, \gamma_{r\theta} = \frac{\partial u_\theta}{\partial r} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial \theta} - \frac{u_\theta}{r}$$

### Hooke's law – Plane Stress

$$\epsilon_r = \frac{1}{E} (\sigma_r - \nu \sigma_\theta), \epsilon_\theta = \frac{1}{E} (\sigma_\theta - \nu \sigma_r), \gamma_{r\theta} = \frac{\tau_{r\theta}}{G}$$

### Hooke's law – Plane Strain

$$\epsilon_r = \frac{1+\nu}{E} [(1-\nu)\sigma_r - \nu\sigma_\theta], \epsilon_\theta = \frac{1+\nu}{E} [(1-\nu)\sigma_\theta - \nu\sigma_r]$$

$$\gamma_{r\theta} = \frac{\tau_{r\theta}}{G}$$

### Transformation equations.

$$\begin{bmatrix} \sigma_r \\ \sigma_\theta \\ \tau_{r\theta} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} c^2 & s^2 & 2sc \\ -s^2 & c^2 & -2sc \\ -sc & sc & c^2 - s^2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_x \\ \sigma_y \\ \tau_{xy} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \sigma_x \\ \sigma_y \\ \tau_{xy} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} c^2 & s^2 & -2sc \\ s^2 & c^2 & 2sc \\ sc & -sc & c^2 - s^2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_r \\ \sigma_\theta \\ \tau_{r\theta} \end{bmatrix}$$

### Internal Pressure Only

$$\sigma_r = \frac{a^2 p_i}{b^2 - a^2} \left(1 - \frac{b^2}{r^2}\right), \sigma_\theta = \frac{a^2 p_i}{b^2 - a^2} \left(1 + \frac{b^2}{r^2}\right)$$

$$u = \frac{a^2 p_i r}{E(b^2 - a^2)} \left[ (1-\nu) + (1+\nu) \frac{b^2}{r^2} \right]$$

### External Pressure Only

$$\sigma_r = -\frac{p_0 b^2}{b^2 - a^2} \left(1 - \frac{a^2}{r^2}\right), \sigma_\theta = -\frac{p_0 b^2}{b^2 - a^2} \left(1 + \frac{a^2}{r^2}\right)$$

$$u = -\frac{b^2 p_0 r}{E(b^2 - a^2)} \left[ (1-\nu) + (1+\nu) \frac{a^2}{r^2} \right]$$

### Shrink Fit

$$p = \frac{E\delta}{b} \frac{(b^2 - a^2)(c^2 - b^2)}{2b^2(c^2 - a^2)}$$

### Rotating Disks

$$u = -\frac{\rho\omega^2 r^3(1-\nu^2)}{8E} + C_1 r + \frac{C_2}{r}$$

$$\sigma_r = \frac{E}{1-\nu^2} \left[ \frac{-(3+\nu)(1-\nu^2)\rho\omega^2 r^2}{8E} + (1+\nu)C_1 - (1-\nu)\frac{C_2}{r^2} \right]$$

$$\sigma_\theta = \frac{E}{1-\nu^2} \left[ \frac{-(1+3\nu)(1-\nu^2)\rho\omega^2 r^2}{8E} + (1+\nu)C_1 + (1-\nu)\frac{C_2}{r^2} \right]$$

### Solid disk

$$u = \frac{1-\nu}{8E} [(3+\nu)b^2 - (1+\nu)r^2] \rho\omega^2 r$$

$$\sigma_r = \frac{3+\nu}{8} [b^2 - r^2] \rho\omega^2$$

$$\sigma_\theta = \frac{3+\nu}{8} \left[ b^2 - \frac{1+3\nu}{3+\nu} r^2 \right] \rho\omega^2$$

### Annular disk

$$u = \frac{(3+\nu)(1-\nu)}{8E} \left[ \frac{a^2 + b^2 - \frac{1+\nu}{3+\nu} r^2}{+ \frac{1+\nu}{1-\nu} \frac{a^2 b^2}{r^2}} \right] \rho\omega^2 r$$

$$\sigma_r = \frac{3+\nu}{8} \left[ a^2 + b^2 - r^2 - \frac{a^2 b^2}{r^2} \right] \rho\omega^2$$

$$\sigma_\theta = \frac{3+\nu}{8} \left[ a^2 + b^2 - \frac{1+3\nu}{3+\nu} r^2 + \frac{a^2 b^2}{r^2} \right] \rho\omega^2$$

### Hole in Plate

$$\sigma_r = \frac{1}{2} \sigma_o \left[ \left(1 - \frac{a^2}{r^2}\right) + \left(1 + \frac{3a^4}{r^4} - \frac{4a^2}{r^2}\right) \cos 2\theta \right]$$

$$\sigma_\theta = \frac{1}{2} \sigma_o \left[ \left(1 + \frac{a^2}{r^2}\right) - \left(1 + \frac{3a^4}{r^4}\right) \cos 2\theta \right]$$

$$\tau_{r\theta} = -\frac{1}{2} \sigma_o \left(1 - \frac{3a^4}{r^4} + \frac{2a^2}{r^2}\right) \sin 2\theta$$

### Three Dimensional Stresses/Strains

$$\sigma^3 - I_1 \sigma^2 + I_2 \sigma - I_3 = 0, I_1 = \sigma_x + \sigma_y + \sigma_z$$

$$I_2 = \sigma_x \sigma_y + \sigma_y \sigma_z + \sigma_z \sigma_x - \tau_{xy}^2 - \tau_{yz}^2 - \tau_{zx}^2$$

$$I_3 = \begin{vmatrix} \sigma_x & \tau_{xy} & \tau_{zx} \\ \tau_{xy} & \sigma_y & \tau_{yz} \\ \tau_{zx} & \tau_{yz} & \sigma_z \end{vmatrix}, K = \frac{E}{3(1-2\nu)}$$

$$U_0 = \frac{1}{2E} (\sigma_x^2 + \sigma_y^2 + \sigma_z^2) - \frac{\nu}{E} (\sigma_x \sigma_y + \sigma_y \sigma_z + \sigma_z \sigma_x) + \frac{1}{2G} (\tau_{xy}^2 + \tau_{yz}^2 + \tau_{zx}^2)$$

$$U_{od} = \frac{3}{4G} \tau_{oct}^2,$$

$$K_{1C} = 1.12\sigma\sqrt{\pi a} \text{ (edge cracks); } = \sigma\sqrt{\pi a} \text{ (a = half crack length)}$$

$$\tau_{oct} = \frac{1}{3} \left[ (\sigma_x - \sigma_y)^2 + (\sigma_y - \sigma_z)^2 + (\sigma_z - \sigma_x)^2 \right]^{\frac{1}{2}} + 6(\tau_{xy}^2 + \tau_{yz}^2 + \tau_{zx}^2)$$