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# maximumstrain

Computes the strength ratio of a unidirectional lamina based on maximum strain theory

## Inputs

**angle** - Angle of ply in degrees  
**moduli** - [E1 E2 nu12 G12]  
    **E1** - Local longitudinal elastic modulus  
    **E2** - Local transverse elastic modulus  
    **nu12** - Local major Poisson's ratio  
    **G12** - Local in-plane shear modulus  
**strain\_glo** - [epsx;epsy;epsxy]  
    **epsx** - Global longitudinal strain  
    **epsy** - Global transverse strain  
    **epsxy** - Global in-plane strain  
**strength** - [s1tu s1cu s2tu s2cu s12u]  
    **s1tu** - Ultimate longitudinal tensile strength  
    **s1cu** - Ultimate longitudinal compressive strength  
    **s2tu** - Ultimate transverse tensile strength  
    **s2cu** - Ultimate transverse compressive strength  
    **s12u** - Ultimate in-plane shear strength

## Outputs

**SR** - Strength Ratio of unidirectional lamina

## Calling the Function

[SR]=maximumstrain(strain\_glo,angle,moduli,strength)

## Testing File

Click [here](#) to see a testing file for using the function maximumstrain

## Example

Inputs:

Longitudinal Elastic Modulus: 1.81e+11  
Transverse Elastic Modulus: 1e+10  
Poisson's Ratio: 0.25  
Shear Modulus: 7.17e+09  
Longitudinal Global Strain: 0.0007486  
Transverse Global Strain: -0.001157  
In-Plane Global Strain: 0.002306  
Ultimate Longitudinal Tensile Strength: 1.26e+09

Ultimate Longitudinal Compressive Strength: 2.5e+09  
Ultimate Transverse Tensile Strength: 6.1e+07  
Ultimate Transverse Compressive Strength: 2.02e+08  
Ultimate In-Plane Shear Strength: 6.7e+07  
Angle of Lamina: 60

Outputs:

Strength Ratio for Lamina

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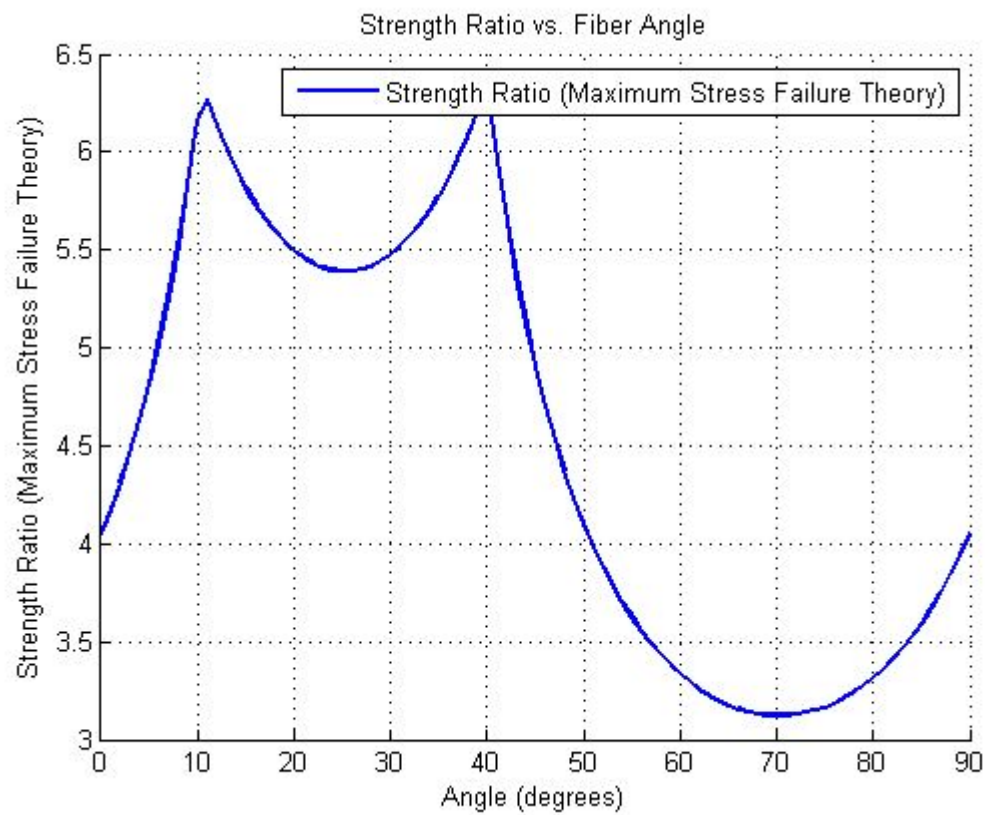
SR | 3.33339

Table:

Angle Lamina Strength Ratio

| angle | SR     |
|-------|--------|
| 0     | 4.0523 |
| 10    | 6.1673 |
| 20    | 5.4951 |
| 30    | 5.4782 |
| 40    | 6.3300 |
| 50    | 4.1037 |
| 60    | 3.3334 |
| 70    | 3.1238 |
| 80    | 3.3152 |
| 90    | 4.0523 |

Graph:



## Description

Outputs strength ratio for a unidirectional lamina based on maximum strain theory