

## Adequacy of Solutions

Autar Kaw  
Humberto Isaza

"the magnitude of the determinant is an indication of neither the condition of the matrix nor the accuracy of the solution" - Henry Thacher

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## Norm of a matrix

If  $[A]$  is a  $m \times n$  matrix,  $\|A\|_\infty = \max \left( \sum_{j=1}^n |a_{ij}| \right), 1 \leq i \leq m$

Find the row sum norm of the following matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 10 & -7 & 0 \\ -3 & 2.099 & 6 \\ 5 & -1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$

$$\|A\|_\infty = \max_{1 \leq i \leq m} \sum_{j=1}^n |a_{ij}|$$

$$= \max[(|10| + |-7| + |0|), (|-3| + |2.099| + |6|), (|5| + |-1| + |5|)]$$

$$= \max[(10 + 7 + 0), (3 + 2.099 + 6), (5 + 1 + 5)]$$

$$= \max[17, 11.099, 11]$$

$$= 17.$$

## Accuracy of Solution

$$\begin{bmatrix} 20 & 15 & 10 \\ -3 & -2.249 & 7 \\ 5 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 45 \\ 1.751 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix}$$

Solve it on a computer using **6** significant digits with chopping

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.9625 \\ 1.05 \\ 0.999995 \end{bmatrix}$$

## Accuracy of Solution

$$\begin{bmatrix} 20 & 15 & 10 \\ -3 & -2.249 & 7 \\ 5 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 45 \\ 1.751 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix}$$

Solve it on a computer using **5** significant digits with chopping

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.625 \\ 1.5 \\ 0.99995 \end{bmatrix}$$

## Well-conditioned and ill-conditioned

**What do you mean by ill-conditioned and well-conditioned system of equations?**

A system of equations is considered to be **well-conditioned** if a small change in the coefficient matrix or a small change in the right hand side results in a small change in the solution vector.

A system of equations is considered to be **ill-conditioned** if a small change in the coefficient matrix or a small change in the right hand side results in a large change in the solution vector.

## Is this system of equations well-conditioned or ill-conditioned?

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 3.999 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 7.999 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 3.999 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4.001 \\ 7.998 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -3.999 \\ 4.000 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1.001 & 2.001 \\ 2.001 & 3.998 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 7.999 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3.994 \\ 0.001388 \end{bmatrix}$$

## Is this system of equations well-conditioned or ill-conditioned?

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4.001 \\ 7.001 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1.999 \\ 1.001 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1.001 & 2.001 \\ 2.001 & 3.001 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2.003 \\ 0.997 \end{bmatrix}$$

## How does norm help in finding conditioning of the matrix?

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 3.999 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 7.999 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \|C\|_{\infty} = 7.999 \quad \|X\|_{\infty} = 2$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 3.999 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4.001 \\ 7.998 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -3.999 \\ 4.000 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[\Delta C] = \begin{bmatrix} 4.001 \\ 7.998 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 7.999 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.001 \\ -0.001 \end{bmatrix} \quad \|\Delta C\|_{\infty} = 0.001$$

$$[\Delta X] = \begin{bmatrix} -3.999 \\ 4.000 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -5.999 \\ 3.000 \end{bmatrix} \quad \|\Delta X\|_{\infty} = 5.999$$

$$\frac{\|\Delta C\|_{\infty}}{\|C\|_{\infty}} = \frac{0.001}{7.999} = 1.250 \times 10^{-4} \quad \frac{\|\Delta X\|_{\infty}}{\|X\|_{\infty}} = \frac{5.999}{2} = 2.9995$$

## How does norm help in finding conditioning of the matrix?

$$\frac{\|\Delta X\|_{\infty}/\|X\|_{\infty}}{\|\Delta C\|_{\infty}/\|C\|_{\infty}} = \frac{2.9995}{1.250 \times 10^{-4}} \\ = 23993$$

## Identifying well-conditioned and ill conditioned system of equations

There is a relationship that exists between

$$\frac{\|\Delta X\|}{\|X\|} \text{ and } \frac{\|\Delta C\|}{\|C\|}$$

and between

$$\frac{\|\Delta X\|}{\|X\|} \text{ and } \frac{\|\Delta A\|}{\|A\|}$$

These relationships are

$$\frac{\|\Delta X\|}{\|X + \Delta X\|} \leq \|A\| \|A^{-1}\| \frac{\|\Delta C\|}{\|C\|} \qquad \frac{\|\Delta X\|}{\|X\|} \leq \|A\| \|A^{-1}\| \frac{\|\Delta A\|}{\|A\|}$$

## How many sig digits can I trust in my solution?

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 3.999 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

How many significant digits can I trust in the solution of the above system of equations?

$$[A] = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 3.999 \end{bmatrix} \qquad [A]^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} -3999 & 2000 \\ 2000 & -1000 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\|A\|_{\infty} = 5.999$$

$$\|A^{-1}\|_{\infty} = 5999$$

$$\text{Cond}(A) = \|A\|_{\infty} \|A^{-1}\|_{\infty}$$

$$= 5.999 \times 5999.4$$

$$= 35990$$

## How many sig digits can I trust in my solution? (cont)

Assuming single precision with 23 bits used for the magnitude of mantissa for real numbers, the machine epsilon is

$$\epsilon_{\text{mach}} = 2^{-23} = 0.119209 \times 10^{-6}$$

$$\text{Cond}(A) \times \epsilon_{\text{mach}} = 35990 \times 0.119209 \times 10^{-6} = 0.4290 \times 10^{-2}$$

Comparing it with  $0.5 \times 10^{-m}$

$$0.4290 \times 10^{-2} \leq 0.5 \times 10^{-m}$$

So two significant digits are at least correct in the solution vector as

$$m \leq 2$$